# AA.14 BALTIC PHOTIC COARSE SEDIMENT CHARACTERIZED BY NO MACROSCOPIC BIOTIC STRUCTURES

## **AUTHOR**

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# **TEXTUAL DESCRIPTION**

Baltic bottoms in the photic zone with at least 90 % coverage of coarse sediment. Coarse sediment has less than 20 % of mud/silt/clay fraction (<63  $\mu$ m), and the proportion of gravel and pebbles (grain size 2–63 mm) exceeds 30% of the combined gravel and sand fraction. No macrovegetation, no macro- epi- or infauna.

#### PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

Salinity range: all; Exposure range: moderate; Depth range: photic zone

# MAPPING ADVISE (HABITAT DELINEATION, IDENTIFICATION, SIMILAR TYPES)

Photic zone areas with coarse sediment such as gravel. Sediment must contain less than 20 % of silt, clay or mud, and at least 30 % of grain size 2–63 mm. No macrovegetation, no macro- epi- or infauna.

## **GEOGRAPHIC RANGE**

Whole Baltic Sea

## ANTHROPOGENIC THREATS

Silting caused by eutrophication, dredging spoil deposition etc.

## CORRESPONDENCE WITH OTHER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMS

#### **HELCOM 1998:**

- 2.4 Gravel bottoms
- 2.4.2 Sublittoral photic zone
- 2.4.2.1 Level bottoms with little or no macrophyte vegetation

#### **EUNIS 2012:**

A5 Sublittoral sediment

A5.1 Sublittoral coarse sediment

A5.11 Infralittoral coarse sediment in low or reduced salinity

A5.111 : Baltic level gravel bottoms of the infralittoral photic zone with little or no macrophyte vegetation <a href="http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/habitats/2576">http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/habitats/2576</a>