AA.I1C4 BALTIC PHOTIC COARSE SEDIMENT DOMINATED BY KELP

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TEXTUAL DESCRIPTION

Baltic bottoms in the photic zone with at least 90 % coverage of coarse sediment. Coarse sediment has less than 20 % of mud/silt/clay fraction (<63 μ m), and the proportion of gravel and pebbles (grain size 2–63 mm) exceeds 30% of the combined gravel and sand fraction . Perennial attached algae cover at least 10 % of the seabed and more than other perennial attached erect groups. Out of the perennial attached algae kelp constitute at least 50 % to the biovolume.

PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

Salinity range: >4.5 psu; Exposure range: Sheltered; Depth range: photic zone from about 2 to 10 meters

CHARACTERISTIC SPECIES

Saccharina latissima

GEOGRAPHIC RANGE

Belt Sea, the Sound, (Kattegat)

ANTHROPOGENIC THREATS

Decreased light penetration depth and increased sedimentation caused by eutrophication

CORRESPONDENCE WITH OTHER CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMS

HELCOM 1998:

- 2.4 Gravel bottoms
- 2.4.2 Sublittoral photic zone
- 2.4.2.2 Level bottoms dominated by macrophyte vegetation

EUNIS 2012:

A5 Sublittoral sediment

A5.5 Sublittoral macrophyte-dominated sediment

A5.52 Kelp and seaweed communities on sublittoral sediment

http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/habitats/598